

AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES UNDER DELHI SULTANATE; STUDY OF REVENUE AND TAXATION SYSTEM

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ABSTRACT

India belongs to an agriculturist class as most of the people living here connected to the profession of agriculture. Agriculture is the main occupation of about 85 % of the people here and is the main source of income of government. In the different times different governments have adopted different policies regarding land taxes and agricultural resources, main purpose of which was to raise as much money as possible. India has always been a centre of attraction for foreigners due to its natural resources and fertile land. The rivers that flow all year round in the plains of the Indus and the Ganges, brings forth very fertile soil and the soil here grow gold.

In this paper researcher has tried to throw light on the development of agriculture during the period of Sultan of Delhi and the condition of farmers in India by referring to the various policies adopted by the Sultans of Delhi towards Indian agriculture.

KEYWORDS: *Gradual, Renounced, Farming, Prevailing, Possession*

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